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Now That Brexit is Mainstream, Here's Something Even Bigger

It was a **surprisingly calm** week for housing and mortgage markets given last week's Brexit drama and the big move in stocks.

In housing-related data, Pending Home Sales for the month of May, fell **3.7 percent**, according to the National Association of Realtors.

The Mortgage Bankers Association reported a slight decrease in both **refinance and purchase** applications, but it's important to note that last week's drop in mortgage rates won't be reflected until we get next week's report.

Case Shiller Home Price data was released on Tuesday, showing a **5.4 percent** year-over-year increase in the 20 city index. Gains continue to be led by the Denver, Portland, and Seattle markets.

Analysis from Freddie Mac examined two topics off the beaten path of housing data. The first addresses the question of the long-term decline in **home-ownership** and discusses what would need to happen in order for home-ownership to hit 50 percent. The second piece looks at the outsized impact that **baby boomers** have on the housing market.

Moving on to the week's biggest story, the UK's **withdrawal** from the European Union (aka "**Brexit**) is all over the headlines now--largely due to its massive impact on stocks last week. As you may have heard, Brexit won't happen overnight. In fact, it will take years before the UK finally sorts out its relationship with the EU.

So why have rates remained **lower** even as the recovery in stocks suggests that the Brexit panic has subsided? If rates typically move in the same direction as stocks, which one is lying at the moment?

Rates are driven by the bond market and the bond market tends to do a **better job** of adjusting to long-term expectations based on current events. Stocks, on the other hand, may rise and fall almost serendipitously by comparison.

For bonds, this Brexit business is just **another symptom** of a disease that's been festering for decades. After working the kinks out of modern monetary policy in the 70's, rates have been moving toward all-time lows with an eerie regularity.

National Average Mortgage Rates



Mortgage News Daily	Rate	Change	Points
30YR Fixed	7.51%	+0.01	0.00
15YR Fixed	7.04%	+0.01	0.00
30YR FHA	7.08%	+0.03	0.00
30YR Jumbo	7.52%	+0.02	0.00
7/6 SOFR	7.12%	-0.01	0.00
30YR VA	7.10%	+0.03	0.00

Rates as of: 11/16

MBS and Treasury

	Price / Yield	Change
MBS UMBS 6.0	98.71	+0.01
10 YR Treasury	5.1266	-0.0076
30 YR Treasury	5.4758	0.0000

Pricing as of: 11/16 7:22PM EST

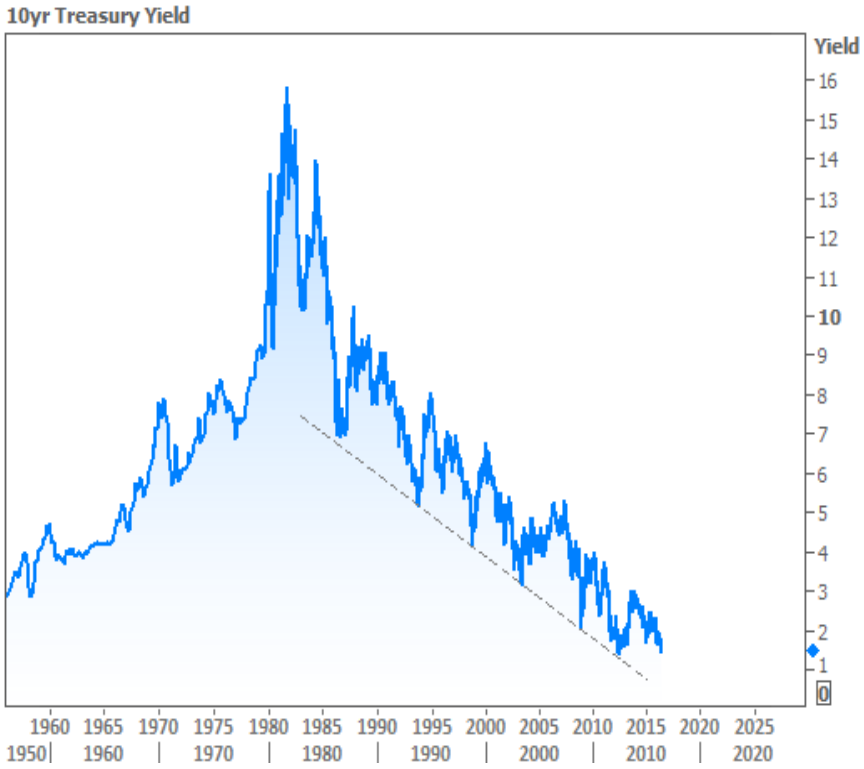
Recent Housing Data

		Value	Change
Mortgage Apps	Nov 4	204.6	+6.23%
Building Permits	Sep	1.4M	+0.43%
Housing Starts	Sep	1.22M	-4.24%
New Home Sales	Sep	676K	-1.17%
Pending Home Sales	Aug	71.2	0%
Existing Home Sales	Oct	3.99M	+0.25%
Builder Confidence	Oct	29	-9.38%

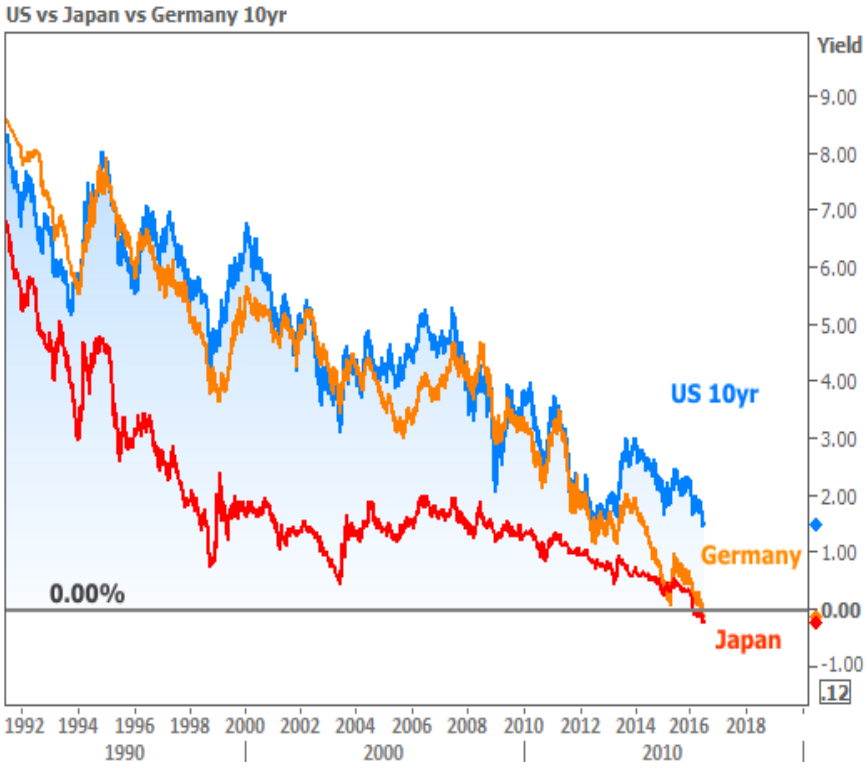
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Most would assume that falling interest rates have limits and that we'd see those limits the closer we got to zero, but a quick glance at Japanese and European equivalents to the US 10yr yield shows us that **"zero" was no deterrent** to that downward momentum.



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Granted, the US is its own, unique country, but given the level of global interdependency in financial markets and the economy, US rates simply **can't ignore** the fact that there are more than 10 trillion dollars of government debt trading at negative rates around the world.

This huge mass of negative-yielding debt (read: **"rates under zero"**) is the smoking gun for something that US policymakers are only now coming to terms with. Fed Chair Janet Yellen hit this nail on the head (finally) 2 weeks ago when she said that the factors keeping rates low are "not going to be rapidly disappearing but will be part of a new normal." What would make her say such a thing?

There are **several key factors** underlying Yellen's newfound stance, and indeed the long-term push toward lower rates itself. These include things like decreasing productivity, lower birth-rates, increasing wealth inequality, high levels of government debt (easier to make payments on that if rates are low), and a general absence of exponential growth drivers like the post-war manufacturing boom or the proliferation of the internet. Taken together, these factors add up to the phrase you're bound to hear more and more: **"global growth concerns."**

Think about it... Over the past few decades, we've rapidly connected the entire world with nearly instantaneous exchange of information and money (via the internet). Whatever the dollar amount of global GDP that was created by this electronic awakening, where are we going to get that sort of global growth in the future?

Many see this global tech/internet boom as a **one-time deal** that marks the apex of exponential global growth. The longer that notion goes without being refuted, the more sovereign bond yields move into negative territory.

Does this mean all rates will eventually be under zero and that you should never lock a rate because rates always move lower? **Absolutely not!** The time frame from 2003-2007 fits into the charts above, yet rates in the US were generally rising during that time. We're talking about the BIG picture here. Short term rate spikes are inevitable, and there will be plenty of them that last longer than the average borrower's patience.

With that in mind, we're pushing up against some of the **lowest mortgage rates in history.** This is the point at which lenders have been less and less willing to improve rates very much or very quickly. It's also the territory that leaves us at more risk of bouncing back toward higher rates, even if that proves to be yet another bump in a road that ultimately leads to new all-time low rates.

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Recent Economic Data

Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
Tuesday, Jun 28				
8:30AM	Q1 GDP Final (%)	+1.1	1.0	0.8
9:00AM	Apr CaseShiller 20 mm nsa (%)	+1.1		0.9
9:00AM	Apr CaseShiller 20 mm SA (%)	+0.5	0.6	0.9
10:00AM	Jun Consumer confidence	98	93.3	92.6
Wednesday, Jun 29				
7:00AM	w/e Mortgage Market Index	508.4		522.2
8:30AM	May Consumption, adjusted mm (%)	+0.4	0.4	1.0
8:30AM	May Personal income mm (%)	+0.2	0.3	0.4
8:30AM	May PCE price index mm (%)	+0.2		0.3
Thursday, Jun 30				

Event Importance:

No Stars = Insignificant
☆ Low
★ Moderate
★★ Important
★★ Very Important

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Date	Event	Actual	Forecast	Prior
8:30AM	w/e Initial Jobless Claims (k)	268	270	259
9:45AM	Jun Chicago PMI	56.8	50.7	49.3
Friday, Jul 01				
10:00AM	Jun ISM Manufacturing PMI	53.2	51.4	51.3
10:00AM	May Construction spending (%)	-0.8	0.6	-1.8
Monday, Jul 04				
12:00AM	Independence Day			
Tuesday, Jul 05				
9:45AM	Jun ISM-New York index	715.8		718.1
10:00AM	May Factory orders mm (%)	-1.0	-0.9	1.9
Wednesday, Jul 06				
8:15AM	Jun ADP National Employment (k)		160	173
8:30AM	May International trade mm $ (bl)	-41.14	-40.0	-37.4
10:00AM	Jun ISM N-Mfg PMI	56.5	53.3	52.9
Friday, Jul 08				
8:30AM	Jun Non-farm payrolls (k)	+287	175	38
8:30AM	Jun Unemployment rate mm (%)	4.9	4.8	4.7
8:30AM	Jun Private Payrolls (k)	+265	170	25
8:30AM	Jun Manufacturing payrolls (k)	+14	0	-10

Responsive service, experienced expertise

I've dedicated my 26 year mortgage career to client education, superior service, and honest answers. The lending landscape has changed dramatically the past few years, and continues to do so. My job is to ensure client partners' loans close quickly, without surprises, and I take that responsibility very seriously. Referrals are a responsibility I appreciate; they're a measure of trust, and that trust must be earned every day, on every referral.

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